

## **BACKGROUND**

Gilthill Primary School serves a catchment area which has a broad spectrum of socio-economic groups, the majority of children are from white British backgrounds. This provides a rich mix of ability and experience within each year group. We have 210 children on role when we are full.

## **RATIONALE – THE NEED FOR SEX AND RELATIONSHIPS EDUCATION**

Sex and relationship education is lifelong learning about physical, moral and emotional development. It is about the understanding of the importance of loving and caring relationships. It is about the teaching of sex, sexuality and sexual health. It is not about the promotion of sexual orientation or sexual activity.

Sex and Relationship Education Guidance (DfEE 2000)

Research demonstrates that good, comprehensive sex and relationship education does not make young people more likely to become sexually active at a younger age.

Parents and carers are the key people for their child's learning about sex and relationship and schools should always work in partnership with home.

### **Moral and Values Framework**

Sex and relationship education will reflect the values of the PSHE and Citizenship programme. SRE will be taught in the context of relationships.

In addition SRE will promote self esteem and emotional health and well being and help them form and maintain worthwhile and satisfying relationships, based on respect for themselves and for others, at home, school, work and in the community.

### **Aims and Objectives for Sex and Relationship Education**

The aim of SRE is to provide children with age appropriate information, explore attitudes and values and develop skills in order to empower them to make positive decisions about their health related behaviour.

This should take place with consideration of the qualities of relationships within families.

The objectives of Sex and Relationship Education are;

- To provide the knowledge and information to which all pupils are entitled
- To clarify/reinforce existing knowledge
- To raise pupils' self esteem and confidence, especially in their relationships with others;
- To help pupils understand their sexual feelings and behaviour, so they can lead fulfilling and enjoyable lives;
- To help pupils' develop skills (language, decision making, choice, assertiveness) and make the most of their abilities.
- To provide the confidence to be participating members of society and to value themselves and others;
- To help gain access to information and support
- To develop skills for a healthier safer lifestyle

- To develop and use communication skills and assertiveness skills to cope with the influences of their peers and the media
- To respect and care for their bodies
- To be prepared for puberty and adulthood

## **The teaching programme for Sex and Relationship Education**

### **Legal requirements**

All schools must teach the following as part of the National Curriculum Science Orders, parents do not have the right to withdraw their child/children.

National Curriculum Science

#### **Key Stage 1**

That animals including humans, move, feed, grow, and use their senses and reproduce.

Recognise and compare the main external parts of the bodies of humans and reproduce.

That humans and animals can reproduce offspring and these grow into adults.

Recognise similarities and differences between themselves and others and treat others with sensitivity.

#### **Key Stage 2**

That the life processes common to humans and other animals include nutrition, growth and reproduction.

The main stages of the human life cycle.

Every child is entitled to receive SRE regardless of ethnicity, gender, religion, age, culture, disability, sexuality, language special needs, disadvantaged and looked after children.

It is our intention all children have the opportunity to experience a programme of SRE at a level which is appropriate for their age and physical development with differentiated provision if required.

## **The organisation of Sex and Relationship Education**

S Lamb and E Ellis are the designated people with responsibility for coordinating sex and relationship education. S Oliver is the PHSE/SRE Governor.

Sex and relationship education is delivered through science, RE, PSHE, Citizenship, literacy activities, circle and R time. Sex and relationship education is taught by classroom teachers, teaching assistants and if appropriate, outside visitors such as the school nurse.

A range of teaching methods which involve children's full participation are used to teach sex and relationship education. These include use of video, discussion, looking at case studies, drama and role play.

Sex and relationship education is usually delivered in mixed gender groups however, there may be occasions where single gender groups are more appropriate and relevant.

Resources to teach sex and relationship education include fiction, reference books, leaflets and extracts from videos.

### **Foundation**

Children learn about the concept of male and female and about young animals. In ongoing PSHE work, they develop skills to form friendships and think about relationships with others.

## **Key Stage 1**

Through work in science children learn about life cycles of some animals, understand the idea of growing from young to old and learn that all living things reproduce. They learn about the importance of personal hygiene to maintain good health through healthy eating and exercise. In RE and Citizenship children reflect on family relationships, different family groups and friendship. They learn about rituals and traditions associated with birth, marriage and death and talk about the emotions involved.

They begin to co-operate with others in work and play and begin to recognise the range of human emotions and ways to deal with them. They also learn about personal safety.

### Year 2 Living and Growing Unit 1

5-7yrs Differences / How did I get Here? / Growing up

- Moods and feelings, likes and dislikes, differences and similarities;
- parts of the body - external including the reproductive system (the correct vocabulary will be used);
- growth and development – babies and children;
- life cycles;
- relationships - family, friends and community.

## **Key Stage 2**

In science children build on their knowledge of life cycles and learn about the basic biology of human reproduction including birth of a baby on years 5 & 6.

Children are taught about the physical, emotional and social changes at puberty, which include personal hygiene. In RE and Citizenship, they continue to develop an understanding of relationships within a family, between friends and the community and that there are different patterns of friendship. They will develop skills needed to form relationships and to respect other people's emotions and feelings. They will consider how to make simple choices and exercise some basic techniques for resisting pressures.

Sex and relationship education should focus on the development of skills and attitudes not just the acquisition of knowledge.

### Year 4 Living and Growing Unit 2 (Lower KS2)

7-9 yrs Changes / How babies are made / How babies are born

- Puberty - physical, social, emotional changes;
- family and community relationships;
- awareness of support;
- reproduction - basic biology and relationships;
- friendship - development of skills to promote and value friendship;
- birth and growth of babies - awareness of differences and physical characteristics.

### Year 6 Living and Growing unit 3 (Upper KS2)

9-11yrs Girl talk / Boy talk / Let's talk about sex

As lower juniors plus:

- media awareness, sexual stereotyping and awareness of different points of view;
- understanding differences in development of boys and girls;
- conception and contraception;
- sexual health;
- periods, including practical aspects.

This content has been agreed in consultation with governors, parents and teaching staff.  
Available from 4 Learning, PO Box 400 Wetherby LS23 7LG Tel 08701 246444

Sex and relationship education is monitored and evaluated by Senior Leadership Team as part of the school's development plan. As a result of this process changes will be made to the sex and relationship education programmes as appropriate.

## **Specific Issues**

### **Parental consultation**

The school includes information on sex and relationship education in the school prospectus and full details are available on request.

The school informs parents when aspects of the sex and relationship programme are taught and provides opportunities for parents to view the videos and resources being used.

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from those aspects of sex and relationship education, not included in the National Curriculum Science Orders, alternative work would be set. However this rarely happens, by working in partnership with parents they recognise the importance of this aspect of their child's education.

### **Child Protection / Confidentiality**

Teachers need to be aware that effective sex and relationship education, which brings an understanding of what is and is not acceptable in a relationship, may lead to disclosure of a child protection issue.

The staff member will inform the Headteacher /Designated Child Protection person in line with the LEA procedures for child protection.

A member of staff cannot promise confidentiality if concerns exist.

### **Links with other policies**

This policy is linked with the following policies:

PSHE & Citizenship

Equality

Child Protection

Confidentiality

Behaviour

Anti Bullying

### **Dealing with difficult questions**

Ground rules are essential to provide an agreed structure to answering sensitive or difficult questions. This framework facilitates the use of an anonymous question box as a distancing technique.

Teachers will endeavour to answer questions as honestly as possible but if faced with a question they do not feel comfortable answering within the classroom, provision would be made to meet the individual child's needs.

### **Use of visitors**

"Visitors should complement but never substitute or replace planned provision. It is the PSHE co-ordinator's and teacher's responsibility to plan the curriculum and lessons." Sex and Relationship Guidance DfEE 0116/2000 P 29 6.11

When appropriate, visitors such as the school nurse may be involved in the delivery of sex and relationship education, particularly in Key Stage 2.

### **Children with special needs**

Teaching and resources will be differentiated as appropriate to address the needs of these children in order for them to have full access to the content of sex and relationship education.

### **Monitoring and Evaluation**

Monitoring is the responsibility of the head teacher, named governor and teacher with responsibility for sex and relationship education.

The school will assess the effectiveness of the aims, content and methods in promoting students' learning by lesson observation, sampling teachers planning, questionnaires to teachers and children and feedback from parents.

The effectiveness of the SRE programme will be evaluated by assessing children's learning and implementing change if required.

This policy document is on the school website and given to new parents in the parent pack when children first start school.

SRE issues will be included in the induction programme for all new members of staff.

This policy has been developed through consultation with staff, governors and parents following training for key staff provided by the Local Authority. This policy is updated biannually in accordance with the school's policy review timetable. Various policies and practice within the family of schools are reviewed and discussed by the Deputy Heads at development group meetings held each term.

PSHE Co-ordinator:	S Lamb
Science Co-ordinator:	E Ellis
PSHE/SRE governor:	S Oliver